

## EVIEW FOR THE FIRST TERM

### I. Vocabulary.

Unit 1: hobbies, and action verbs

Unit 2: Health problems and health tips

Unit 3: Community service and volunteer work

Unit 4: Music and arts

Unit 5: Food and drink. Appearance and taste of different food and drink.

Unit 6: Historic places and things to take on a trip.

### II. Grammar.

- Present simple and future simple: review
- Past simple and present perfect: review
- Verbs of liking + V-*ing*
- Compound sentences
- Imperatives with *more* and *less*
- Comparisons: (*not*) *as ... as*, *the same as*, *different from*
- Express agreement: *too/either*
- Nouns (countable/uncountable)
- *How much/How many?*
- *a/an, some, any...*
- Passive voice

### III. Pronunciation

- Sounds: /ə/ and /ɜ:/
- Sounds: /f/ and /v/
- Sounds: /g/ and /k/
- Sounds: /θ/ and /ð:/
- Sounds: /ʃ/ and /ʒ/
- Sounds: /tʃ/ and /dʒ/

### IV . Exercises

#### A. PHONETICS.

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined

- |                        |                     |                      |                     |
|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. bet <u>ter</u>   | B. pref <u>er</u>   | C. teach <u>er</u>   | D. work <u>er</u>   |
| 2. A. n <u>ear</u>     | B. h <u>ear</u>     | C. d <u>ear</u>      | D. b <u>ear</u>     |
| 3. A. c <u>on</u> cert | B. c <u>on</u> cern | C. c <u>ol</u> lect  | D. c <u>om</u> bine |
| 4. A. pict <u>ur</u> e | B. cultur <u>e</u>  | C. neighb <u>our</u> | D. tou <u>ri</u> st |

- |                                    |  |                                |                                       |
|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 5. A. <u>de</u> pendent            | B. <u>e</u> njoy                         | C. <u>a</u> bsent              | D. <u>g</u> overnment                 |
| 5. A. <u>f</u> uture               | B. <u>r</u> eturn                        | C. <u>p</u> icture             | D. <u>c</u> ulture                    |
| 6. A. <u>f</u> irst                | B. <u>g</u> irl                          | C. <u>b</u> ird                | D. <u>s</u> ister                     |
| 7. A. <u>b</u> urn                 | B. <u>s</u> un                           | C. <u>h</u> urt                | D. <u>t</u> urn                       |
| 8. A. <u>n</u> urse                | B. <u>s</u> urf                          | C. <u>p</u> icture             | D. <u>r</u> eturn                     |
| 10. A. <u>h</u> ot                 | B. <u>h</u> our                          | C. <u>h</u> otel               | D. <u>h</u> obby                      |
| 11. A. <u>k</u> nife               | B. <u>o</u> f                            | C. <u>l</u> ea <u>f</u>        | D. <u>l</u> ife                       |
| 12. A. <u>a</u> lth <u>o</u> ugh   | B. <u>e</u> nough                        | C. <u>p</u> arag <u>r</u> aph  | D. <u>c</u> ough                      |
| 13. A. <u>j</u> unk                | B. <u>s</u> un                           | C. <u>put</u>                  | D. <u>a</u> du <u>l</u> t             |
| 14. A. <u>h</u> ead <u>a</u> che   | B. <u>a</u> rch <u>i</u> te <u>c</u> t   | C. <u>c</u> hem <u>i</u> cal   | D. <u>c</u> h <u>i</u> l <u>d</u> ren |
| 15. A. <u>a</u> erob <u>i</u> cs   | B. <u>c</u> alor <u>i</u> es             | C. <u>c</u> ycl <u>i</u> ng    | D. <u>d</u> o <u>c</u> tor            |
| 16. A. <u>c</u> olle <u>t</u> ion  | B. <u>t</u> rad <u>i</u> tion            | C. <u>e</u> xhib <u>i</u> tion | D. <u>q</u> uest <u>i</u> on          |
| 17. A. <u>u</u> sually             | B. <u>l</u> eis <u>r</u> e               | C. <u>v</u> ers <u>i</u> on    | D. <u>c</u> ompos <u>e</u> r          |
| 18. A. <u>c</u> los <u>e</u> re    | B. <u>l</u> eis <u>r</u> e               | C. <u>p</u> leas <u>r</u> e    | D. <u>s</u> ure                       |
| 19. A. <u>e</u> ssent <u>i</u> al  | B. <u>t</u> rad <u>i</u> tion <u>a</u> l | C. <u>p</u> ict <u>u</u> re    | D. <u>a</u> ud <u>i</u> tion          |
| 20. A. <u>d</u> iscuss <u>i</u> on | B. <u>v</u> is <u>i</u> on               | C. <u>t</u> reas <u>u</u> re   | D. <u>d</u> ecis <u>i</u> on          |
| 21. A. <u>p</u> aint <u>e</u> r    | B. <u>p</u> ref <u>e</u> r               | C. <u>c</u> onc <u>e</u> rt    | D. <u>p</u> er <u>f</u> orm           |
| 23. A. <u>a</u> ctor               | B. <u>g</u> uitar <u>i</u> st            | C. <u>a</u> tt <u>r</u> act    | D. <u>g</u> all <u>e</u> ry           |
| 25. A. <u>m</u> us <u>i</u> cal    | B. <u>d</u> elic <u>i</u> ous            | C. <u>s</u> pec <u>i</u> al    | D. <u>p</u> hys <u>i</u> cian         |
| 26. A. <u>c</u> off <u>e</u> e     | B. <u>p</u> ot                           | C. <u>b</u> ott <u>l</u> e     | D. <u>o</u> ne                        |
| 27. A. <u>h</u> at                 | B. <u>m</u> ap                           | C. <u>wh</u> at                | D. <u>c</u> ap                        |
| 28. A. <u>wh</u> at                | B. <u>y</u> og <u>u</u> rt               | C. <u>p</u> ro <u>b</u> lem    | D. <u>m</u> orn <u>i</u> ng           |
| 29. A. <u>was</u>                  | B. <u>w</u> all                          | C. <u>w</u> alk                | D. <u>w</u> at <u>e</u> r             |
| 30. A. <u>t</u> alk                | B. <u>s</u> alt                          | C. <u>s</u> aus <u>a</u> ge    | D. <u>c</u> aus <u>e</u>              |
| 31. A. <u>f</u> low <u>e</u> r     | B. <u>f</u> low <u>r</u>                 | C. <u>c</u> ow                 | D. <u>p</u> ork                       |
| 32. A. <u>s</u> oon                | B. <u>f</u> ood                          | C. <u>n</u> ood <u>l</u> e     | D. <u>c</u> ook                       |
| 33. A. <u>w</u> ash                | B. <u>w</u> arm                          | C. <u>w</u> all                | D. <u>w</u> alk                       |
| 34. A. <u>m</u> orn <u>i</u> ng    | B. <u>f</u> ort <u>y</u>                 | C. <u>f</u> orget              | D. <u>p</u> ork                       |
| 35. A. <u>w</u> ash                | B. <u>b</u> ag                           | C. <u>p</u> an                 | D. <u>a</u> dd                        |
| 36. A. <u>a</u> unt                | B. <u>s</u> auce                         | C. <u>c</u> augh <u>t</u>      | D. <u>d</u> augh <u>t</u> er          |
| 37. A. <u>d</u> augh <u>t</u> er   | B. <u>s</u> auce                         | C. <u>l</u> aund <u>r</u> y    | D. <u>a</u> unt                       |
| 38. A. <u>w</u> ash                | B. <u>d</u> raw                          | C. <u>o</u> n                  | D. <u>o</u> ff                        |
| 39. A. <u>b</u> ott <u>l</u> e     | B. <u>r</u> oll                          | C. <u>s</u> oft                | D. <u>c</u> off <u>e</u> e            |
| 40. A. <u>d</u> oc <u>u</u> ment   | B. <u>n</u> augh <u>t</u> y              | C. <u>w</u> at <u>e</u> r      | D. <u>a</u> ud <u>i</u> ence          |

**II. Find which word does not belong to each group.**

- |                    |               |             |                |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|
| 1. A. sick         | B. tired      | C. sore     | D. fit         |
| 2. A. orange juice | B. fresh milk | C. water    | D. soft drinks |
| 3. A. cough        | B. flu        | C. sunshine | D. sunburn     |
| 4. A. jogging      | B. cycling    | C. swimming | D. reading     |
| 5. A. sleep        | B. rest       | C. relax    | D. work        |
| 6. A. singing      | B. washing    | C. cleaning | D. tidying up  |

- |                  |                 |                  |                  |
|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 7. A. and        | B. but          | C. so            | D. although      |
| 8. A. junk food  | B. fruits       | C. fish          | D. vegetable     |
| 9. A. healthy    | B. fit          | C. well          | D. sick          |
| 10. A. soccer    | B. badminton    | C. beef          | D. basketball    |
| 11. A. common    | B. favorite     | C. unusual       | D. popular       |
| 12. A. like      | B. love         | C. enjoy         | D. hate          |
| 13. A. album     | B. stamps       | C. mountain      | D. collector     |
| 14. A. gardening | B. skating      | C. climbing      | D. horse-riding  |
| 15. A. newspaper | B. reporter     | C. collector     | D. gardener      |
| 16. A. donate    | B. rubbish      | C. blood         | D. money         |
| 17. A. green     | B. trees        | C. collect       | D. plant         |
| 18. A. bank      | B. environment  | C. community     | D. neighbourhood |
| 19. A. blood     | B. homework     | C. students      | D. tutors        |
| 20. A. elderly   | B. grandparents | C. nursing home  | D. orphan        |
| 21. A. donate    | B. rubbish      | C. blood         | D. money         |
| 22. A. green     | B. trees        | C. collect       | D. plant         |
| 23. A. bank      | B. environment  | C. community     | D. neighbourhood |
| 24. A. blood     | B. homework     | C. students      | D. tutors        |
| 25. A. elderly   | B. grandparents | C. nursing home  | D. orphan        |
| 26. A. guitar    | B. violin       | C. saxophone     | D. artist        |
| 27. A. camera    | B. opera        | C. portrait      | D. photograph    |
| 28. A. rock      | B. pop          | C. ballet        | D. rap           |
| 29. A. actor     | B. singer       | C. film director | D. film producer |
| 30. A. pencil    | B. water puppet | C. canvas        | D. crayon        |
| 31. A. grape     | B. banana       | C. egg           | D. apple         |
| 32. A. carrot    | B. onion        | C. potato        | D. orange        |
| 33. A. beef      | B. pork         | C. bean          | D. chicken       |
| 34. A. pear      | B. melon        | C. peach         | D. salad         |
| 35. A. tea       | B. yoghurt      | C. butter        | D. Cheese        |

## **B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR.**

### **I. Put the verbs in the present simple tense.**

1. He (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to school everyday.
2. A lot of people ( go) \_\_\_\_\_ to work by car.
3. John usually ( take ) \_\_\_\_\_ the bus to school.
4. He ( play ) \_\_\_\_\_ volleyball but he ( not enjoy ) \_\_\_\_\_ it .
5. School children ( wear ) \_\_\_\_\_ uniform on Monday.
6. Mary often ( go) \_\_\_\_\_ to work on foot .
7. Bad students never ( work) \_\_\_\_\_ hard.
8. They ( not be ) \_\_\_\_\_ doctors.

### **II. Put the verbs in the future simple tense.**

1. He ( call ) \_\_\_\_\_ you tomorrow.
2. Mr. Cuong ( come ) \_\_\_\_\_ and ( help) \_\_\_\_\_ me tomorrow.
3. They ( work) \_\_\_\_\_ with me.

4. Everything ( not be ) \_\_\_\_\_ ok if you don't work hard.
5. She ( call ) \_\_\_\_\_ me this weekend.
6. I ( give ) \_\_\_\_\_ you that money today.
7. She ( not help ) \_\_\_\_\_ you with that exercise.
8. My father ( be ) \_\_\_\_\_ here at 5 : 30 p.m.

### III. Put the verbs in the past simple tense.

1. He (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to school yesterday.
2. Mary ( go ) \_\_\_\_\_ to work last night.
3. John ( take ) \_\_\_\_\_ the bus to school yesterday.
4. He ( play ) \_\_\_\_\_ volleyball yesterday .
5. She ( go ) \_\_\_\_\_ to school last Sunday.
6. Mary ( walk ) \_\_\_\_\_ to work on foot yesterday .
7. My father ( watch ) \_\_\_\_\_ TV last night.
8. They ( not be ) \_\_\_\_\_ at home yesterday.

### IV. Put the verbs in the present perfect tense.

1. He (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to Ha Long Bay for 2 weeks.
2. Mary ( work ) \_\_\_\_\_ here since last night.
3. Nam ( take ) \_\_\_\_\_ the bus to school since last night.
4. He ( play ) \_\_\_\_\_ volleyball for 10 years .
5. She ( not go ) \_\_\_\_\_ to school since last Sunday.
6. Mary ( walk ) \_\_\_\_\_ to work on foot since yesterday .
7. My father ( watch ) \_\_\_\_\_ TV for 3 days.
8. They ( not be ) \_\_\_\_\_ at home since yesterday.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ You (be ) \_\_\_\_\_ to the zoo ?
10. They ( live ) \_\_\_\_\_ in Thanh Hoa City since 2001.

### V. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D).

1. You need to be \_\_\_\_\_ to follow eggshell carving because it may take two weeks to complete one shell.  
A. fit                      B. patient                      C. careful                      D. interested
2. My sister is very keen on swimming, and she goes swimming three \_\_\_\_\_ a week.  
A. time                      B. a time                      C. times                      D. timings
3. If you choose sewing as your hobby, you will \_\_\_\_\_ you own clothes.  
A. make                      B. get                      C. do                      D. take
4. We often read the instructions carefully in order to make \_\_\_\_\_ of the things we like best.  
A. models                      B. copies                      C. uses                      D. meanings
5. What does your father do \_\_\_\_\_ his free time?  
A. in                      B. at                      C. while                      D. on
6. My brother doesn't like ice-skating because he thinks it is \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. dangerous                      B. danger                      C. in danger                      D. endangered
7. I think a hobby will always give you \_\_\_\_\_ and help you \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. pleased – relaxing                      C. pleasure – relaxed  
B. pleased – relax                      D. pleasure – relax

8. My sister's hobby is sewing, and she can get the sewing patterns from the \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. fashion                      B. sports                      C. science                      D. cooking
9. You can share your stamps \_\_\_\_\_ other collectors \_\_\_\_\_ a stamp club.  
A. with – at                      B. with – in                      C. to – in                      D. to – at
10. If your hobby is greeting card making, you can give your \_\_\_\_\_ to your friends as presents.  
A. money                      B. hobby                      C. products                      D. greetings
11. I think this hobby doesn't cost you much, and \_\_\_\_\_ you need is time.  
A. all                      B. some                      C. all of                      D. most
12. My family enjoys \_\_\_\_\_ because we can sell vegetables and  
A. garden – to                      B. gardening – for                      C. garden – of                      D. gardening – with
13. Nowadays people \_\_\_\_\_ hours sitting in front of the computers.  
A. set                      B. spend                      C. take                      D. last
14. I think you should take up swimming \_\_\_\_\_ it is suitable for your health condition.  
A. because                      B. but                      C. although                      D. so
15. There are many \_\_\_\_\_ why it is important to have a hobby.  
A. facts                      B. details                      C. reasons                      D. answers
16. I join a photography club and all the members love reasons a lot of beautiful photos.  
A. make                      B. take                      C. making                      D. taking
17. Will you \_\_\_\_\_ making models in the future.  
A. find                      B. take up                      C. look for                      D. pick up
18. A hobby help you connect with \_\_\_\_\_ people.  
A. the other                      B. another                      C. other                      D. others
19. I love my sister's paintings because she is very \_\_\_\_\_ in using colours.  
A. care                      B. careless                      C. creative                      D. imagine
20. Do you think that hobby is \_\_\_\_\_ and boring?  
A. danger                      B. easy                      C. interesting                      D. difficult
21. We should play sports or do exercise in order to stay in \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. look                      B. health                      C. fit                      D. shape
22. The Japanese eat a lot of fish instead of meat \_\_\_\_\_ they stay more healthy.  
A. because                      B. so                      C. although                      D. but
23. I forgot to wear a sun hat today and i got a \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. earache                      B. backache                      C. headache                      D. stomachache
24. We need to spend less time \_\_\_\_\_ computer games.  
A. play                      B. to play                      C. playing                      D. to playing
25. When you have a temperature, you should drink more water and rest.....  
A. more                      B. most                      C. less                      D. all
26. Rob eats a lot of fast food and he \_\_\_\_\_ on a lot of weight.  
A. takes                      B. spends                      C. puts                      D. bring
27. When you have flu, you may have a cough and a \_\_\_\_\_ nose.  
A. running                      B. runny                      C. noisy                      D. flowing
28. Do more exercises \_\_\_\_\_ eat more fruits and vegetables.  
A. and                      B. or                      C. but                      D. so
29. Watching too much tv is not good \_\_\_\_\_ you or your eyes.

- A. at                      B. for                      C. with                      D. to
30. After working on a computers for long hours, you should \_\_\_\_\_ your eyes and relax.
- A. wake                      B. rest                      C. sleep                      D. sleep in
31. She \_\_\_\_\_ blood twenty times so far.
- A. donates                      B. has donated                      C. is donating                      D. to donate
32. Volunteers can do general \_\_\_\_\_ such as clean-up projects or home repair.
- A. things                      B. labor                      C. jobs                      D. activities
33. We came to the remote village and \_\_\_\_\_ meals for homeless children.
- A. cook                      B. offered                      C. do                      D. made
34. He \_\_\_\_\_ lectures to foreign tourists about traditional food and games recently.
- A. gives                      B. gave                      C. have given                      D. has given
35. You should think of \_\_\_\_\_ the volunteer activities in your community.
- A. taking in                      B. making                      C. participating                      D. taking part in
36. Have you ever \_\_\_\_\_ to Sapa?
- A. seen                      B. been                      C. visited                      D. gone
37. Traditional volunteer activities include \_\_\_\_\_ money for people in need, cooking and giving food.
- A. getting                      B. rising                      C. raising                      D. taking
38. They have decided to clean up the neighborhood \_\_\_\_\_ it is full of rubbish.
- A. so                      B. but                      C. because                      D. although
39. How many novels \_\_\_\_\_ Charles Dickens \_\_\_\_\_?
- A. does – write                      B. did – write                      C. did written                      D. have – written
40. You can help young children by \_\_\_\_\_ them to do homework before or after school.
- A. teaching                      B. doing                      C. helping                      D. offering
41. Today, subjects like music and arts are put into the school \_\_\_\_\_ in Viet Nam.
- A. so                      B. too                      C. either                      D. however
42. My cousin – Hoa, is the same age \_\_\_\_\_ me.
- A. as                      B. of                      C. to                      D. like
43. For many people, a good knowledge of music and arts is regarded as a \_\_\_\_\_ for every student.
- A. need                      B. needs                      C. necessity                      D. necessary
44. This year’s musical festival is not \_\_\_\_\_ it was last year.
- A. worse                      B. as good as                      C. as well as                      D. different from
45. Since the 1970s, the festival in Glastonbury has taken \_\_\_\_\_ almost every year and has grown in size.
- A. time                      B. place                      C. note                      D. notice
46. The puppet shows present \_\_\_\_\_ themes of Vietnamese villages.
- A. city                      B. country                      C. rural                      D. urban
47. The brit school is the most famous \_\_\_\_\_ arts school in Britain.
- A. perform                      B. performed                      C. performing                      D. performance
48. The villagers are \_\_\_\_\_ they were years ago. There is no change at all.
- A. as friendly as                      C. different from  
B. as friend as                      D. not as friendly as
49. Dong ho paintings are made on \_\_\_\_\_ paper with beautiful \_\_\_\_\_ colours.

- A. tradition – nature B. tradition – C. traditional – nature D. traditional –
50. My village is not \_\_\_\_\_ it was ten years ago.  
A. same as B. the same C. the same as D. the same like
51. The eel soup that your father has just cooked tastes very \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. delicious B. best C. well D. healthy
52. There is \_\_\_\_\_ tofu, but there aren't \_\_\_\_\_ sandwiches.  
A. some – some B. any – any C. any – some D. some – any
53. There isn't \_\_\_\_\_ for dinner, so i have to go to the market.  
A. any left B. some left C. any leaning D. some leaving
54. How many \_\_\_\_\_ do you need?  
A. yogurt B. carton of yogurt C. packet of yogurt D. cartons of yogurt
55. What \_\_\_\_\_ do i need to cook an omelette?  
A. menu B. food C. material D. ingredients
56. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a small meal that you eat when you are in hurry.  
A. lunch B. snack C. breakfast D. fast food
57. Is there any butter \_\_\_\_\_ in the refrigerator?  
A. left B. leave C. to leave D. leaving
58. In Vietnam, spring rolls are served \_\_\_\_\_ at family gathering or anniversary dinner.  
A. most B. most of C. almost D. mostly
59. \_\_\_\_\_ bottles of milk does your family need for a week?  
A. How B. How much C. How many D. How often
60. What is your \_\_\_\_\_ dish for breakfast? – it's beef noodle soup.  
A. best B. liking C. most D. favourite

### C. READING.

#### I. Read the passage and choose the correct answer.

There are many reasons (1) ..... It is important to have a hobby. First of all, a hobby can be a remedy for your (2) ..... Because it is the activity you choose for yourself, it will always give you pleasure and (3) ..... you relax. Even if you just spend a little time enjoying your hobby, you can see the difference (4) ..... your spirit. Second, some hobbies can also (5)..... you financially. Many old people enjoy gardening. They grow a lot of trees and vegetables, so they can sell them for some money. In (6)....., a hobby can help you connect with other people. If you like collecting stamps, you can (7)..... a stamp club to share your albums with other collectors. If your hobby is carving eggshells, you can give your products to your friends (8)..... gifts.

- 1/ A. why B. for C. because
- 2/ A. happiest B. tiredness C. pain
- 3/ A. do B. have C. help
- 4/ A. for B. on C. in
- 5/ A. harm B. benefit C. give
- 6/ A. addition B. general C. conclusion
- 7/ A. take part B. join C. do

**II: Read the passage and choose the correct answer.**

Oak city is a great city. There's so (1) .....to do! There are cinemas, parks and discos. It's got some great clothes and music shops (2) .....Oak city is very modern and beautiful. There aren't any (3) .....buildings and there's some beautiful (4) .....around the city. Is there any pollution in the Oak city? There isn't much pollution (5) .....there isn't much traffic. Everyone travels (6) .....bike and walks, so there aren't many accidents. No one works, so everyone has got a lot of free time. Are there any unfriendly people in Oak city? – No, so come and spend a little time here.

- |                 |            |             |               |
|-----------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1. A. much      | B. many    | C. some     | D. any        |
| 2. A. neither   | B. either  | C. too      | D. so         |
| 3. A. beautiful | B. ugly    | C. pretty   | D. unpleasant |
| 4. A. scenery   | B. scene   | C. view     | D. sight      |
| 5. A. so        | B. because | C. although | D. if         |
| 6. A. so        | B. in      | C. with     | D. by         |

**III. Read the passage and choose A,B,C,D**

Hello, my name is John. I live in an apartment in New York, the USA. It is a big city. It has got a lot of high buildings, supermarkets, banks and stores. There is much traffic and there are often traffic jams at rush hours. It is very noisy here. But I enjoy living here because everything is exciting and attractive to me.

Hi. My name is Kate. I am John's elder cousin. I live in a village in the suburbs of Canberra, Australia. It is quieter than New York. It hasn't got many shops, supermarkets or restaurants. There are some farms around my house. You can see a lot of sheep and kangaroos on the farms. There are not many people, but they are friendly. I prefer to live in the countryside because I enjoy the fresh air and the peaceful life here.

- New York has got many high buildings, banks, supermarkets and.....  
A. post office                      B. stores                      C. parks
- It's very ... in New York city  
A. boring                      B. peaceful                      C. noisy
- Kate is ... than John  
A. younger                      B. older                      C. taller
- She lives in a ... in an area away from Canberra, Australia  
A. town                      B. city                      C. village
- She prefers to live in the countryside because the air is... there  
A. fresh                      B. dirty                      C. polluted

**IV. Read the passage and decide which statements are true (T) or false (F).**

David lives in the countryside in Canada. He usually gets up early and does morning exercises with his bike. He rides around his area. After breakfast, he takes a bus to school. He has lessons from 9am to 1pm. He often has lunch in the school canteen and then he has a short rest. In the afternoon, he has lesson in the library or PE in the gym. After school, he often goes to the sports center near his house and plays basketball or table tennis. In the evening, he often does his homework. Sometimes he surfs the Internet for his school projects. He often goes to bed early.

1. David lives in the countryside in Canada.
2. He often rides a bike in the morning
3. His classes starts at 1 o'clock in the afternoon
4. In the afternoon, he continues with his lessons at school
5. He plays basketball or tennis in the school gym
6. He sometimes surfs the net for his school projects

**V. Read the passage and decide which statements are true (T) or false (F).**

This writing is about my best friend, Mai. We got to the same school and we've been together for three years. Mai is very pretty. She has short black hair and big brown eyes. She is clever and hard-working but she is also very funny. She makes jokes and we all laugh. She loves reading and writing short poems. I like being with her. We often do our homework together and she helps me a lot. I also like her because she knows a lot about astronomy and we can chat about it for hours. At the moment we're making a Space mini book. We're doing a lot of searching on the Internet. This Saturday, we're going to the National Museum to take some photos for our project. Then we're watching a new film on the Disney channel together. It's going to be fun!

1. Phuc and Mai are studying in the same school
2. Mai has long black hair and big eyes
3. She is hard working and funny
4. She likes writing short stories
5. Phuc and Mai are making a mini book on Geography now
6. They search for information in library books
7. They are going to the museum to take photos for their project
8. After that they will go to the cinema together

**D.WRITING**

**I. Make sentences from the words/ phrases given.**

1. We/ keep/ our bodies/ warm/ avoid/ flu/ a cold.  
.....
2. You/ not/ play/ more/ computer games/ free time.  
.....
3. Vitamins/ play/ important/ role/ our diet.  
.....
4. Getting/ enough/ rest/ help/ you/ concentrate/ school.  
.....
5. Doctor/ asking/ Huy / questions/ about/ health problems.  
.....
6. That dog/ not/ as dangerous/ it looks.  
.....
7. Schools in Viet Nam / different/ schools/ the USA.

**II. Reorder the words to make sentences.**

1. children/ cookies/ milk. / and/ like/ most  
.....
2. like/ I/ don't/ coffee/ I/ like tea./ , but

